SUBJECT No. 180.

Veterinary Hospitals in malnad taluks.

Mr. M. Venkataramaiya, Manjarabad taluk.

Summary of discussion.—The people of the malnad are purely agriculturists, and cattle is the backbone of agriculture. Owing to contagious diseases and climatic conditions, cattle mortality is high in the malnad. It is earnestly prayed that early sanction may be accorded for establishing veterinary hospitals in malnad taluks at the cost of Provincial Funds.

Reply of Government.—Under consideration.

SUBJECT No. 181.

(1) Breeding bulls.
(2) Supply of a stallion to each Veterinary Hospital.

(1) Messrs. B. Nanjundappa, Nagar Sabha and C. Vasudeva Rao, Chikmagalur taluk.
(2) Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao, Chikmagalur taluk.

Summary of discussion.—(1) As raiyats in the malnad do not understand how to take care of breeding bulls supplied by the Amrut Mahal Department, it is prayed that a breeding bull may be kept in charge of the Assistant Veterinary Inspector at his headquarters for being properly taken care of and used.

(2) One stallion may also be supplied to each Veterinary Dispensary.

Reply of Government.—(1) Under consideration.

(2) It is considered unnecessary at present.

SUBJECT No. 182.

Modern machinery and appliances.

Mr. Ramanuja Iyengar, Gubbi taluk.

Summary of discussion.—Persons desirous of using machines may not know how to fix and work them. To instruct such persons, the services of some trained men are required for some time. The Government might maintain sufficient establishment for the purpose.

Reply of Government.—This will be considered in connection with the starting of an Irrigation Department which will also deal with the uses of power appliances.

SUBJECT No. 183.

Improvement of sugar-cane cultivation.

Mr. Ramanuja Iyengar, Gubbi taluk.

Summary of discussion.—As represented last year, sugarcane cultivation is in a very backward condition in Mysore. Government should therefore help for some time the raiyats who wish to grow sugar cane by advancing money to them. Under the Takavi Rules, the maximum amount of loan that may be taken for the purchase of sugarcane is only Rs. 200. This is not sufficient to cultivate even one acre of sugarcane. It is also payable within one year. The rules may be amended so as to fix a maximum of Rs. 2,000 for loans taken for sugarcane cultivation.

Reply of Government.—Will be considered. Rs. 25,000 have been sanctioned and placed at the disposal of Mr. Chatterton for installing suitable machinery in 3 selected places, where sugar-cane is produced on a large scale, to serve as an object lesson.